State Library

THE
ASHEVILLE NEWS
Is Published Weekly,
BY THOMAS W. ATKIN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

☞ TERMS.—*Two Dollars* per annum, in advance; *Two Dollars and fifty cents* in six months; or *Three Dollars* at the end of the year.

☞ Advertisements inserted at *One Dollar* per square of *twelve* lines, for the first and *twenty-five* cents for each subsequent insertion.

☞ Business and professional cards, not exceeding five lines, Five Dollars per annum; over five and under twelve lines, Ten Dollars per annum.

☞ For announcing the name of a candidate, Three Dollars.

From these terms there will be no departure in any case. Liberal contracts made with those who desire to advertise by the year.

POSITIVELY,

All accounts for subscription, advertising and job work are due at the close of the year. This rule we shall rigidly enforce, and expect all who trade with us to settle once a year.

FACTS
FOR THE
PEOPLE.

WE are now receiving at our old stand, on the public square, Asheville, the largest and most varied stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER, STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
Ready Made Clothing, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Saddlery, Drugs, Dye Stuffs, &c.

Ever offered for sale in this market. Our Goods have been selected with great care in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, with especial reference to the wants of the *PEOPLE*. And as our stock embraces almost every article, "useful as well as ornamental," we flatter ourselves that we shall be enabled to please all who may favor us with a call. The object of this notice is not to publish self-praise, and hold ourselves up in a flattering light before the community; but simply to inform you that we have a heavier and better assorted stock of Goods now arriving, than any other house in town, to which we expect to be continually making large additions throughout the season; and to extend to you, one and all, an invitation to visit us and examine our stock, before making your purchases. The styles of our Goods are unsurpassed, and we are determined not to be undersold; and as we make no promise that we do not intend to perform you may rest assured of being satisfactorily accommodated. Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 2 1857.

NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned have formed a partnership for the purpose of conducting the

MERCANTILE BUSINESS,

in the house formerly occupied by W. D. Rankin & Co., in the name of GAINES, DEAVER & CO., where they hope to see and serve all the old patrons of the house, and new customers not a few.

M. M. GAINES,
W. H. DEAVER,
A. GAINES.

Asheville, Jan. 1, 1857.

Arthur's
Self-Sealing
Fruit Cans.
For Sale by
SMITH & CHAPMAN.

RANKIN & CHAPMAN,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, HOSIERY, FANCY GOODS, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, BOOTS, SHOES, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, DRUGS, GROCERIES, &c., &c.,
Asheville, N. C.
April 3, 1857. tf

NEW COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned having associated themselves under the name and style of

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

for the purpose of transacting the mercantile business in this place, would respectfully call the attention of their old friends and customers to the fact, and offer their services to them in supplying them with the comforts and luxuries of life, on as reasonable terms as any other establishment in these regions.

They will be found at the old stand,

Opposite Eagle Hotel,

with a good stock and attentive clerks, all ready and willing to accommodate with such articles as they may need.

A. T. SUMMEY.
W. W. McDOWELL,
D. F. SUMMEY.

Jan. 1, 1857.

LADIES

WISHING to purchase fine DRESS GOODS for spring and summer wear, are advised to call on

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 3. tf

FLAX SEED.

I WISH to purchase 500 bushels of good clean Flax Seed. E. J. ASTON.

April 16.

FINE Tobacco and Cigars, for sale by RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

JUST AT HAND.

A fresh stock of Fish, Figs and Family Fixings generally; Cheese, Candies, Crackers and Candles; Raisins, Almonds, and all sorts of good things, "too numerous to mention." Don't delay calling—I can't keep them.

Remember the place, DOYLE'S.

Oct. 15.

ALL MATERIALS

For making Roraback's Soap for sale in any quantities, at ASTON'S.

ASHEVILLE NEWS.

ASHEVILLE, BUNCOMBE COUNTY, N. C.

VOLUME 9—No. 21.] THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1857. [WHOLE No. 427.

OUR GOODS

HAVE been purchased by one of the best buyers this market affords, and for Ladies and Gentlemen's wear we challenge competition. Call and examine our stock of

CLOTHING,

and if we can't please the most fastidious, we are much mistaken.

HATS,

From a cap for 37 1-2 cents to a $5 50 Beaver of any grade, and any color from milky white to sooty black.

THE LADIES

Will also find Bonnets, Shoes, Zephyr Hoods, Capes, Gauntlets, Necklaces, materials for Talmas, and everything necessary to adorn and beautify, as well as to make comfortable.

Don't mistake the place.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

FINAL NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the firm of SMITH & McDOWELL, will find their Notes and Accounts in the hands of *Col. J. M. ISRAEL*—His room is in the North Wing of the Court House. He has also all the debts due the estate of the late James M. Smith. All persons indebted to either are most respectfully requested to call on Col. Israel or myself and settle up. I do not wish to put any one to cost, but the business must be closed up, and this is the final notice.

TO my old friends and customers, I would say that I have associated myself with the Messrs. Summey in the

MERCANTILE BUSINESS,

at their old stand opposite the Eagle Hotel where I will be pleased to see them, and to furnish them what Goods they may want to purchase at as low a price as any house in town can afford. Allow me to tender to you my thanks for your liberal patronage, and to express the hope that I may have the pleasure of seeing you again at Summey, McDowell & Co's.

W. W. McDOWELL.

January 29 1857.

VALUABLE LAND
FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale about 150 acres of the best land in Buncombe. The tract is well known lying one mile and a half from Asheville on the west side of French Broad River, at Smith's Bridge. A large portion of it is No. 1 river bottom.

Those who wish to buy will please call and examine previous to the first day of December, as the land must be sold. Terms accommodating.

JOHN P. SMITH.

Asheville, Nov. 5, 1857.
☞ Spectator copy 3 weeks.

Place an Enduring Tablet over the Spot where Repose the Remains of those you Love.

New Marble Yard,
GREENVILLE, S. C.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of this and adjoining Districts, that they have opened a MARBLE YARD in the Town of Greenville on the Lot opposite the *Mansion House* and adjoining Dr. Bell's Hotel, where they will promptly and faithfully attend to all orders for

TOMB-STONES,
MONUMENTS,

And any other style of Work in their line.

Having had an experience of over fifteen years in this business, they have no doubt of their ability to give ample satisfaction to all who may entrust them with their orders.

CHALMERS & ALLEN.

October 29th, 1857 3m

FOR SALE.

A good second hand Stove. Cheap. Inquire at THIS OFFICE.

100 gallons pure Linseed Oil. For sale at ASTON'S.

BLUE STONE.

500 pounds Blue Stone just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

100 Large Quarto Family
BIBLES just received at ASTON'S

LEONARD'S Yeast Powders. For sale at ASTON'S.

JUST received a fine lot of Hammered Tire Iron by

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

August 7, 1856.

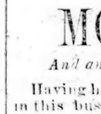
J. D. REYNOLDS, M. D.,

(A Graduate of the Medical University of Nashville.)

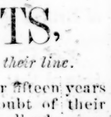
HAVING permanently located in Asheville, offers his Professional services to the citizens of town and country.

Office and residence, one door south of Asheville Hotel. March 27 1856. tf

Look Out for the Runaways!!
ABOLITIONISM!!!
$150 REWARD.



RUNAWAY from the subscriber on Saturday night the 24 instant, near Cooper's Furnace, Cass co., Four negroes, Alfred, a boy, aged about 25 years, dark complexion, large whiskers, about 5 feet 10 inches high. Gabriel, a boy, about 19 years old, dark complexion, 5 feet 7 inches high. Richard, aged about 20 years, dark complexion, wears long hair platted, stout built, was wearing a blue pea jacket coat and white woolen pantaloons. Noah, aged about 18 years, dark complexion, has many bumps on his face, wears long hair platted, about 5 feet 6 inches high. These negroes were purchased in Baltimore by B. M. & W. S. Campbell.



The above reward will be paid for the delivery to me of said four negroes, or lodged in any state jail where I can get them, or $25 for either one of them.

Address me at Etowah P. O., Cass county Ga.

JOHN JOLLY.

November 12 1857.—4w

James' Neuralgic Liquid.

A certain cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cramp Colic, &c. Just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

Aug. 21.

Helmbold's Genuine Preparation
OF
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU.

For Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Weakness, Obstructions, Secret Diseases, Female Complaints, and all Diseases of the Sexual Organs,

Arising from Excesses and Imprudencies in life, and removing all Improper Discharges from the Bladder, Kidneys, or Sexual Organs, whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

From whatever cause they may have originated, *And no matter of how long standing*, Giving health and vigor to the frame, and bloom to the pallid cheek.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED!!!

It cures nervous and debilitated sufferers, and removes all the symptoms, among which will be found

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, general Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Dreadful Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Often Enormous Appetite, with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance & Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, frequently Black Spots flying before the eyes, with temporary Suffusion and loss of Sight; Want of Attention, great Mobility, Restlessness, with horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such patients than solitude, and nothing they more dread for fear of themselves; no repose of manner, no earnestness, no Speculation, but a hurried transition from one question to another

These symptoms, if allowed to go on—which this medicine invariably removes—soon follows loss of power, fatuity, and Epileptic Fits—in one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by those direful diseases—*Insanity and Consumption?* The records of the insane asylums, and the melancholy deaths by consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In lunatic asylums the most melancholy exhibition appears. The countenance is actually sodden and quite destitute—neither mirth or grief ever visits it. Should a sound of the voice occur, it is rarely articulate.

"With woeful measures wan despair
Low sullen sounds his grief beguiled."

Debility is most terrible! and has brought thousands upon thousands to untimely graves, thus blasting the ambition of many noble youths. It can be cured by the use of this

Infallible Remedy.

If you are suffering with any of the above distressing ailments, the *FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU* will cure you. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy.

Beware of Quack nostrums and Quack doctors who falsely boast of abilities and references. Citizens know and avoid them, and save long suffering, money, and exposure by sending or calling for a bottle of this popular and specific remedy.

It allays all pain and inflammation, is perfectly pleasant in its taste and odor, but immediate in its action.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu

Is prepared directly according to the Rules of PHARMACY AND CHEMISTRY,

with the greatest accuracy and Chemical knowledge and care devoted to its combination. See Professor Dewees' valuable works on the Practice of Physic and most of the late standard Works of Medicine.

☞ $100 ☜

One hundred dollars will be paid to any Physician who can prove that the Medicine ever injured a patient; and the testimony of thousands can be produced to prove that it does great good.—Cases of from one week to thirteen years' standing have been effected. The mass of VOLUNTARY testimony in possession of the Proprietor vouching its virtues and curative powers, is immense, embracing names well known to

SCIENCE AND FAME.

100,000 *Bottles Have Been Sold*

and not a single instance of a failure has been reported!

Personally appeared before me an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. HELMBOLD Chemist, who being duly sworn does say, that his preparation contains no Narcotic Mercury or injurious Drug, but are purely Vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Sole Manufacturer.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 23d day of Nov. 1854. W. P. HIBBARD Alderman.

Price $1 per Bottle, or Six for $5, delivered to any Address,

Accompanied by reliable and responsible certificates from Professors of Medical Colleges, Clergymen and others.

Prepared and sold by H. T. HELMBOLD.
Practical and Analytical Chemist.
No. 52 South Tenth st., below Chestnut, Assembly Buildings, Philadelphia.

Sold by E. J. Aston, Asheville, N. C.
" " B. D. Miller & Co., Hendersonville.
" " C. L. Harris & Co., Rutherfordton.
" " J. M. Crayton, "
" " Hull & Grayson, Marion.
" " J. V. Blackwall, Morganton.
" " Fitzgerald, Benners & Long, Waynesville.
" " Allman & Cunningham, Franklin.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. Ask for Helmbold's; Take no other.

Cures Guaranteed.

June 4, 1857. y1

Molasses.

800 Gallons Molasses as good if not the best, ever offered for sale in this country. SMITH BAIRD & CO.

May 1, 1856. tf

U. S. MAIL LINE

From Asheville to Salisbury.

THIS Line is now stocked with fresh and good Horses, new Coaches, and steady, sober and experienced Drivers. It is 20 miles the nearest route to Salisbury, and points east; and it is also cheaper than any other.

Over 100 miles of the line is stocked with the most comfortable and splendid

14 Passenger Coaches

in the Southern country. Give this route a trial and if satisfaction is not given, the money will in every instance be refunded.

Leaves Asheville Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 7 o'clock, a. m.

Office at Gudger's Hotel, Asheville.

C. S. BROWN, *Contractor.*

October 8, 1857. 3m

RORABACK'S,
WEST SIDE OF MAIN STREET,
Opposite Gaines, Deaver & Co.,
Is the Place to Buy
DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE, CROCKERY
AND A GENERAL
Assortment of staple & fancy
GOODS
POSITIVELY

At 40 per cent. less than such Goods
Can be bought for elsewhere,
In this market.

☞ Call and judge for yourself.

Asheville, Nov. 12, 1857.

Medical College of Georgia,
AT AUGUSTA.

THE Twenty Sixth Course of Lectures in this Institution, will commence on MONDAY, the 2d November, next.

Emeritus Professor Anatomy, G. M. NEWTON, M. D.
Anatomy H. F. CAMPBELL M. D.
Surgery, L. A. DUGAS, M. D.
Institutes and Practice of Medicine, L. D. FORD, M. D.
Materia Medica, Therapeutics and Medical Jurisprudence, I. P. GARVIN, M. D.
Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Infants, J. A. EVE, M. D.
Physiology and Pathological Anatomy, H. V. M. MILLER, M. D.
Chemistry and Pharmacy, ALEX. MEANS, M. D.
Demonstrator of Anatomy, ROBT. CAMPBELL, M. D.
Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy, S. B. SIMMONS, M. D.

Clinical Lectures will be delivered in the City Hospital and at the Jackson-street Hospital.

Fee for whole Course $105.
Matriculation Ticket (to be taken once,) $5

For further particulars, apply to any member of the Faculty or to I. P. GARVIN.
Augusta, Oct. 1, 1857. Dean

GUDGER'S (Late Smith's)
HOTEL
ASHEVILLE, N. C.

THE PROPRIETOR of this long established and widely known House takes pleasure in announcing to the public that it has recently been entirely refitted, and all its appointments re-arranged upon the most convenient and comfortable plan.

He desires to call the attention of the Southern people, who may desire a pleasant and comfortable

Summer Home,

to the advantages to be enjoyed here. He has good rooms, neatly furnished, polite and attentive servants, and his table shall be supplied with every comfort and luxury which the country affords. His personal attention will be devoted exclusively to the comfort of his guests.

No more pleasant summer resort than Asheville can be found anywhere. With a moral, intelligent and refined population, four churches, and a flourishing Female College, a pure and bracing atmosphere and water as bright and sparkling as ever gushed from the earth, the invalid or the seeker of pleasure can pass his time agreeably and profitably.

He may mention that strong

Sulphur and Chalybeate Water

has within a few days been discovered within two or three minutes walk of the Hotel.

Thankful for the liberal patronage of last season, he invites his friends and the public generally to call upon him, promising that neither money or labor shall be spared to render their sojourn pleasant and agreeable.

J. H. GUDGER, *Proprietor.*

Asheville April 2 1857.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS,

WHO have patronized us so very liberally, we hereby tender our sincere thanks, and solicit for our successors that favor and patronage we have been the recipients of. The junior partners have been trained and brought up under our care; and we can confidently recommend them to our old friends and the public generally.

To those indebted to us we say, we must have money; and that without delay. We owe money, and to those indebted to us we must look for aid.

W. D. RANKIN & CO.

April 9 1857.

Valuable
TOWN PROPERTY
For Sale.

THE subscriber offers his Property, located near the Female College, for sale. The Lot contains 12 acres, and has on it a Well of excellent water and a stream running through it.

The house is large and commodious, well arranged and comfortable, with all necessary out buildings.

This property is desirable, and can be had at a great bargain if applied for at an early day.

For further information call on the Editor of this paper. G. W. SHACKLEFORD.

Asheville, November 12, 1857.

Strictly for Cash.

FOR sale a lot of Tennessee Superfine FLOUR, at $3 per sack, by

Nov. 19. SMITH & CHAPMAN.

O. M. LEWIS'
Daguerreian and Ambrotype
GALLERY,

On Main Street, south of the Court House.

PICTURES of all sizes taken, from that of the finger ring to the *whole* size.

Instructions given in either Daguer or Ambrotyping, on most reasonable terms. Nov 20

ARTHUR'S
Self-Sealing
Fruit Cans,
For Sale by
E. J. ASTON

DR. J. F. E. HARDY
AND
DR. W. L. HILLIARD,

HAVE this day associated themselves in the practice of *MEDICINE* in its various branches.

DR. HARDY, who is daily in the village, will be always ready to examine cases and make out prescriptions, and when in his power visit cases in the country. Dr. Hilliard will attend to his town and country practice, as usual. We would especially call the attention of all persons laboring under diseases requiring Surgical aid, to this card. We will take especial pains to assist all persons living at a distance in procuring suitable boarding houses in or near the village, and render them such relief as the profession is capable of.

Office at Dr. Hilliard's Drug Store.

Asheville, January 2, 1855.—tf

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that after publication of this advertisment for six weeks, application will be made to the Commissioner of Pensions for the issue of a duplicate of Warrant No. 90496, Act of March 3rd 1855 issued to James Guthrie, late a private in Captain E. H. Cunningham's Company, in Col. J. G. Bynum's Regiment in removing the Cherokee Indians; the same having been lost, and a caveat against its location entered in the General Land Office, date 4th Nov 1857.

J. M. ISRAEL,
Atto for Claimant.

Asheville, November 12, 1857. 6w

The Hunger Excitement, &c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.

The United States troops have been withdrawn from Wall street, all present danger of attack upon the Sub Treasury by the hunger mob having passed. Gen. Scott, however, and his subordinates, are still on the *qui vive*, and an ample force is kept under arms in more comfortable quarters than the custom houses, ready for service at a moment's warning.

We have a variety of rumors afloat in relation to various schemes which were on foot for getting at Uncle Sam's five million in the Sub-Treasury, and the agitation of which probably induced Mr. Cisco, United States Assistant Treasurer here, to take the precaution of calling upon the authorities at Washington for Federal means of protection. One of these rumors was, that arrangements had been made to blow up a barrel of gunpowder in a vault near the custom house, about the time of the passing of the working men's procession. Such an event would naturally create such excitement, and bring together an immense crowd of idlers, whom it would be easy to lead to an attack on the Treasury and its tempting gold bags.

There can be no doubt that the difficulties of the last few days have been stimulated and fomented by the "swell mob" of burglars and thieves, who hoped to take advantage of the prevailing distress, and lead the poor working men, in their desperation, to force open the money vaults of Wall street, that they might rob *ad libitum*, and without incurring the penalties and dangers of house-burglary. These wretches are still engaged in their nefarious movements, and should be singled out by the police and arrested when ever seen in the company of hungry working men. They are very cautious in their movements to avoid detection; but a little Napoleonic authority exercised against them just now would do no harm, and might prevent a great deal.

Notwithstanding the action of the Common Council in appropriating $250,000, to be expended upon the Central Park, the unemployed working men are well aware that this will afford them no immediate relief. The city treasury is bankrupt, and the loan authorized in order to raise the money has to be advertised thirty days before the bids can be opened.—Efforts are making to anticipate the loan to the extent of $100,000, but it is at least doubtful whether it can be done. The unemployed, consequently, though less boisterous, still keep up their meetings. They assembled again yesterday morning in Tompkins Square, to the number of perhaps 500 of the working men, to which twice the number of the "swell mob" were added. "Secretary McGuire," who had promised to lead them to the work on the Central Park, was *non est*, much to the disgust of the crowd, who utter ominous threats against him—some of them suggesting the propriety of wringing the necks of "every mother's son of the committee."

A German named Noll, one of "the committee," appearing about this time, a rush was made for "the d—d Dutchman" by the crowd, who seemed determined to "twist his bloody neck for him," according to order, and who did push, kick, and cuff him, and pour upon his head torrents of maledictions, until the poor fellow escaped at last and broke for home, pale as a ghost.

Several others were in turn ill-treated, but not seriously injured. One Irishman, who had on several occasions, addressed their meetings, but whose efforts had failed to bring the "work or bread," had to run for his life; and in general, the excited mob pursued, with their whilom leaders, the policy of South Sea idolators, who beat and bang their clay gods for not answering their prayerful supplications, ascribing their failure to wilful perversity.—Several Germans who had been prominent in the proceedings were moderately beaten, and retired, profoundly grateful that they had fared no worse. Some bakers who passed were assailed, their stock in trade was taken as lawful spoil, and the remonstrances of one of them were smothered by a loaf of his own bread, with which the *revelle* was skilfully executed upon his head and face.

A pair of German musicians, happening to pass, were hustled into the crowd and forced to play for them, under penalty of being put sadly out of tune. They complied, and would seem to have been readily inspired with the genius of revolution, for they struck up the Marseilles hymn, much to the satisfaction of their auditors.

A young laboring man by the name of George Campbell, made a very inflammatory speech, full of ideas exceedingly well presented. He was for cutting loose from all politicians, and trusting no longer in their promises, but for an organization of the working men in such manner as to be effective. Probably no one who has addressed these meetings was so well calculated to be dangerous as this speaker; because of his superior ability, and the exceeding plausibility of his arguments. Such men should be looked after by the police.

To-day the idlers still congregate, but it is because they have nothing else to do while waiting for something to turn up.—There are no indications of any further violence.

[From the Salisbury Watchman.]

FANCY HILL P. O., Iredell Co., N. C., Oct. 28th, 1857.

DEAR SIR:—I have been requested to have the following statements published in your paper, in relation to the Scarlet Fever. If you think them worth publishing do so, if not, lay them in the fire.

Some years ago I read a publication in your paper, from a gentleman in South Carolina, recommending as a cure for Scarlet Fever, Jalap as a purge, and Red Pepper tea as drink, stating that under that treatment he had managed a family of 38 children, without the loss of one. A short time afterwards the disease came into my neighborhood, and in my family; I used the remedy successfully with about 12 children. It is now in my family and neighborhood. I have had two of the worst cases I have ever seen in my family or neighborhood deranged for several days to a considerable extent. I used the same remedy (though it took repeated doses of the Jalap to operate on the bowels,) as successfully as ever. The above two cases have shed the entire skin, even to the soles of the feet. In most cases the disease yields by taking one dose of Jalap. The bowels should, in all cases, be well evacuated, and the tea drank for several days.

Yours respectfully,
SILAS D. SHARPE.

N. B. No swelling of the patient after recovery under this treatment.

S. D. SHARPE.

Immortality.

There are two great points certain—two points that are fixed and unchangeable. One of these is, that the soul of man is immortal; and though the body perish like the flowers in summer, the soul will still live on; growing more bright and more glorious. The other is, that there is a God of perfect love, wisdom and power, who enfolds all the beings into whom He has breathed the breath of life in the perfection of his love. Between these two points—the certain immortality of the soul and the certain affection of God—hangs life. If I did no know these, I should not dare to stand before you here to day. I should close my eyes to the sight of this calm face here in the coffin, I should close my ears to all sound of lamentation, and should run hence to bury my head in the dust, and die myself. If we were not sure of God's love and the soul's immortality, I do not know what reflecting man or sensitive woman could endure life a moment. Knowing these, I can look on this face in the coffin and say, it is well with the man; he is not dead, but sleepeth.—This is the only house from which his soul has gone home to his Father and to our Father, to his God and to our God.

To the mortal affections death is exceedingly afflicting, but when the religious soul is awakened, death is a triumph. For the souls of those who die are not dead, but clad with wings. On earth you have not wholly lost our friend. His memory remains with you year by year, his mortal imperfections shall fade away till you shall think of him as an angel, for a time sojourning in the flesh.

Some three score and six years ago, when the coming of this child was foreseen, a whole world of preparation was made for the baby: and when he did come he was received in a world of affection and tenderness. So I think it must be in the other world, that his coming was foreseen, and that ministering angels were ready on his coming to welcome him with joy and affection.—*Roberts.*

ASHEVILLE NEWS:

THE NEWS.

THOS. W. ATKIN, Editor.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Thursday, Nov. 26, 1857.

THANKSGIVING.—In obedience to the recommendation of his Excellency Gov. Bragg, that this day (Thursday) be observed as a day of public thanksgiving to Almighty God for past blessings and of prayer for the continuance of his mercies, there will be Divine service in the several Churches in this town, at 11 o'clock.

A Family Disagreement.

We are sorry to see our Know Nothing cotemporaries quarreling among themselves about the next summer's campaign. They are now in the condition of the army beeves that Leslie Combs used to talk about—so weak that they have to be held up to be knocked down—and if this family fight continues until the opening of the campaign, the party will not be strong enough to make a shadow. We are opposed to this, and enter our solemn protest against it. The Democracy are spoiling for a fight—a regularly organized and well contested battle. It is true "Sam" is a shabby opponent, but we can "keep our hands in" by thrashing him, until something better turns up. So stop your quarreling, gentlemen, and prepare for the fight.

This interesting family flare up may be briefly stated thus: the Raleigh Register, the central organ of the opposition, has taken the position that the Whig and American parties should not go into the fight next summer at all; that, being hopelessly prostrate, they should stand aloof and wait for "something to turn up." Along with this advice to its party, there is a shrewd suggestion that they might consistently vote for a Distribution Democrat for Governor! Consistent Register! Shrewd angler for fishy Democrats! The Salisbury Watchman endorses the Register's views and shouts "Eureka!" over the bright idea. The Greensborough Patriot next takes the matter in hand, and dissents in toto from the position of its brethren, and raps them over the knuckles severely for advising the party to fly from the field before the battle opens, and indignantly asks—"Who has clothed the Register with the power to pronounce the fifty thousand American Whigs who have never faltered, and who voted for John A. Gilmer for Governor, as *'powerless'?*" Sure enough, who did? Peg it to them, Mr. Patriot. The cowardly fellows deserve no mercy. To think of backing down without a fight, while "fifty thousand American Whigs who have never faltered and who voted for John A. Gilmer for Governor," remain above ground, is absurd to the last degree! We hope the Patriot will continue its fatherly talk to the faint hearted brethren, and that it may succeed in its efforts to raise the courage of the aforesaid "fifty thousand" to the fighting point. When the bugle blast calls the Democracy to the field we want an opponent to thrash!

DEATH OF A MINISTER.—We learn from the Abingdon (Virginia) papers that the Rev. A. M. Goodykoontz, of the Holston Conference, died near that place last week. He was a man of considerable ability, and stood high in the Conference.

☞Our old friend, Mr. Pleasant Isreal, of Dick's Creek, in this county, presented us last week with some remarkably fine Cabbage and Beets, also a Pumpkin weighing *sixty pounds!* "Pleas" prides himself especially on the soundness of his Democracy and the quality and quantity of his farm products, and we are prepared to endorse both as A No. 1. May he live a thousand years.

FALLEN.—Philip S. White, who some few years since electrified the country with his thrilling appeals in behalf of the temperance cause, has ignobly fallen, and is now a common drunkard. It is with sorrow that we make the announcement. How impressive the lesson taught by the fall of such a man! Habit, once formed, is hard to overcome, and when such a man as Philip S. White is unable to resist the deadly influence of the destroyer, young men should be careful to avoid the cultivation of an appetite for strong drink.

☞Godey's Lady's Book for December is at hand. Now is the time to subscribe for next year. We furnish the "Book" and our paper for $4, in advance.

NEW JERSEY LEGISLATURE.—Political parties in the next Legislature of New Jersey will stand as follows:

	Dem.	Opp.
Senate	15	6
House	34	26
	49	32

OHIO—The Ohio Statesman of Saturday last contains the official vote for Governor at the last election in that State. The columns foot up thus:

Chase, black republican,	160,568
Payne, democrat,	159,065
Van Trump, know nothing,	9,262

It will be seen from the above that the black republicans are in a minority of *seven thousand seven hundred and sixty* in the State.

The Democrats have 25 majority on joint ballot in the Legislature.

Important from Kansas.

We briefly alluded last week to the fact that the Constitutional Convention of Kansas had adjourned, and had succeeded in forming a Constitution. Among other provisions of this Constitution, is one providing that the Governor of Kansas shall have been a citizen of the United States *twenty* years, and of Kansas *five* years. The following are the sections of the constitution relating to slavery:

SECTION 1. The right of property is before and higher than any constitutional sanction, and the right of the owner of a slave to such slave and its increase is the same, and is inviolable as the right of the owner of any property whatsoever.

SEC. 2. The Legislature shall have no power to pass laws for the emancipation of slaves without the consent of their owners, or without paying their owner, previous to emancipation, a full equivalent in money for the slaves so emancipated. They shall have no power to prevent emigrants to the State from bringing with them such persons as are deemed slaves by the laws of any one of the United States or Territories so long as any person of the same age or description shall be continued by the laws of this State; provided that such person or slave shall be the *bona fide* property of such emigrant; and provided, also, that laws may be passed to prohibit the introduction of slave into this State who have committed high crimes in their States or Territories. They shall have power to pass laws to permit the owners of slaves to emancipate them, saving the rights of creditors, and preventing them from becoming a public charge. They shall have the power to oblige to treat them with humanity—to provide for their necessary food and clothing—to abstain from all injuries to them, extending to life or limb—and, in case of neglect or refusal to comply with the direction of such laws to have such slave or slaves sold for the benefit of the owner or owners.

SEC. 3. In the prosecution of slaves for crimes of higher grade than petit larceny, the Legislature shall have no power to deprive them of an impartial trial by a petit jury.

SEC. 4. Any person who shall dismember or deprive a slave of life shall suffer such punishment as would be inflicted in case the like offence had been committed on a free white person, and on the like proof, except in case of *insurrection of said slave.*

Later advices from Kansas received at St. Louis, state that the constitution adopted by the Constitutional Convention was by a vote of 28 in favor of it to about a dozen against it. The whole number of delegates to the convention was sixty, consequently the constitution was adopted by a minority of the convention. The majority and minority reports of a committee on a schedule were merged into one schedule. It provides for an election on the 21st of December, to ratify or reject the constitution, the voting to be by ballot, and the votes cast to be endorsed "Constitution with Slavery" and "Constitution without Slavery;" also for an election to be held on the first Monday in January next, for the election of State and Congressional tickets.

The Lawrence correspondent of the Democrat asserts that no free State man will vote on the 21st of December.

☞Memphis, Tenn., is a nice place, if we may judge from the reports of the newspapers published there. Fowlkes' Express of the 14th instant, says:

"Since our last there has been one man killed and one wounded in the hand—both from pistol shots—one man found dead, with cuts and bruises on his head, and several old fashioned fist fights."

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.—A bill has passed the Georgia Senate legalizing the annual sessions of the Legislature. The Senate also passed a bill directing Tax Collectors to receive in payment of taxes all bank bills in general circulation at the time of payment.—A bill is now pending before the Legislature forbidding the passing of any bank note issued out of the State of a less denomination than five dollars, under penalty of $100 for each offence.

☞Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, of N. York, in a recent speech, said:

"The American party cannot be thought other than a temporary organization, somewhat like Betty Wiggle's pig:

"When it lived, it lived in clover;
And when it died, it died all over."

☞The South Carolina Cordage Company's factory was burnt a few days since.—Loss, fifty thousand dollars. Insured for twelve thousand.

☞A cotton factory was destroyed by fire at Athens, Georgia, on the 9th instant Loss, sixty thousand dollars—no insurance.

☞The Helena (Arkansas) Shield says Mr. F. M. Bledsoe, living in Walnut Bend, this season raised nine hundred bushels of Irish potatoes on two acres of land! The potatoes were remarkably large. He planted but two barrels.

☞J. P. Henderson and J. W. Campbell, have been elected United States Senators from the State of Texas.

☞The Asheborough *Bulletin* says that millions of wild pigeons made their appearance in Randolph last week. They are devouring the acorns, which are abundant this year, and will deprive the hogs of much of their winter sustainence.

"The Times"

Is the title of a large, well filled and well printed literary journal, published at Greensborough, in this State, by Messrs. Ogburn, Cole & Albright. It has an able corps of contributors, and deserves to be liberally sustained by the Southern people. Terms, $2 per annum, in advance.

Look Out!

Several men have been arrested in different sections of our State, within a short time, caught in the act of tampering with slaves.—A desperate bird of this character was caged at Raleigh last week, and another at Charlotte. The Southern people cannot be too careful in guarding against strangers, who prowl about the country without visible means of support, and apparently without any legitimate object in view. They should be closely watched, and promptly arrested if caught in any illegal insercourse with slaves. A strong rope and a short shrift are the proper reward of their efforts to stir up discontent and rebellion among our slave population.

"The Spirit of the Age"

Is the long established and well conducted organ of the Sons of Temperance of North Carolina. It has recently been much improved in its "outer man," and presents an attractive exterior. It is an able exponent and defender of its peculiar faith, as well as an excellent literary paper. Published at Raleigh, N. C., by A. M. Gorman, Esq. Terms, One Dollar per annum, in advance.

Important from the Fillibusters.

Walker Escaped from New Orleans—The Expedition off for Nicaragua.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 11.

Gen. Walker started off to day. He appeared in the District Court, this morning, and gave bail to appear for examination on the 17th inst. This afternoon, himself and staff, with over three hundred men embarked on board the Mobile mail boat, via Lake Pontchartrain. The steamer Fashion, Capt. Caughlin, with a portion of the men, a large quantity of arms, munitions and provisions, got off about 2 o'clock, this morning, having first submitted to a search by the United States Marshal. The Fashion cleared for Mobile, but will intercept the mail boat outside, when the whole party will embarke on the Fashion for Nicaragua.

Capt. Fasseux remains here. Gen. Henningsen is expected this week.

The U. S. steamer Fulton, which was stationed so as to intercept the departure of the expedition, was thus outwitted.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13, 1857.

The friends of Gen. Walker here are much elated by the news of his departure from New Orleans. Nobody, however, knows exactly what his plans are. Some think it not improbable that he may have gone to Yucatan, to take part with the revolutionists there against the Government, with the ultimate purpose of proceeding to Nicaragua from that point.

A glance at the map will show that the peninsula of Yucatan presents a most inviting field for filibuster enterprise. Its best port is less than two days distant from New Orleans, and would be of immense advantage to Walker, as a depot for concentrating supplies of men and munitions of war, without danger of molestation from any foreign government, and quite beyond legal reach of that of the United States. Recruits from California via Tehuantepec, could reach him there quite as readily, as from New Orleans. The Isle of Pines, celebrated in cannection with the Lopez Expedition, is also near, and might be made of service again.

If Walker has gone to Nicaragua, the steamer Fashion will outstrip the United States steamer Fulton without difficulty, so that there is little danger of his being overtaken.

The U. S. sloop of war Saratoga, well known to be laying off the mouth of the San Juan, will prove equally inefficient in efforts to intercept Walker and his men, for they can land at the mouth of the Colorado, (which is in fact a branch of the San Juan,) thirty miles distant from Greytown, and so pass up to and enter the latter river, long before the Saratoga can overtake them.

Sale of Lots Near Beaufort.

We learn that the gross amount of sales of lots which took place last week at Morehead City and Carolina City near Beaufort in this State, was about $30,000—$13,000 for Morehead, and $17,000 for Carolina City.

The Morehead City lots are fifty by one hundred feet. They averaged about $220 each. Those of Carolina City are much larger, and the average price was much below those of Morehead.

A barque in port at Beaufort on the 11th, found not less than nineteen feet of water across the bar at *low tide.*

Raleigh Standard.

We learn that the result of sale is very satisfactory to the Morehead City Company. Although there were only some sixty lots sold by this Company, they were mostly sold in alternate lots, and generally to men who will improve them at an early day, which will greatly enhance the market value of lots adjoining. We learn that some of our upcountry boys made purchases, and intend to be ready to take an even start with the Rail Road in business. So far as we have heard, those who attended the sale, unite in the opinion that this place is bound to become, at no distant day, a place of commercial importance; and that those who purchase and improve real estate in it, will realize a handsome profit on such investments.

Greensboro' Patriot.

The Mountains of North Carolina.

GEORGETOWN, (D. C.) Nov. 11, 1857.

To the Editor of the National Intelligencer:

In 1848, as your travelling correspondent, I received orders to visit and describe the mountainous region of North Carolina. I was there favored with the friendly and valuable auspices of the Hon. THOMAS L. CLINGMAN. My observations as a tourist were duly published in the *Intelligencer*, and I believe were the first to make known to the world generally the manifold beauties of Southern mountain scenery. On the approach of each summer since then I have regretted my inability to journey in that delightful region again.—That I have read almost everything therefrom, and kept myself posted up in regard to its exploration by scentific men and tourists, has been simply a matter of course. In an obituary notice copied into your journal of the late Prof. MITCHELL—a name which should always be mentioned with profound respect—I observed an allusion to a certain *controversy*, and, though you omitted names, I very well knew what it referred to. I was at that time tempted to trouble you with a letter of explanations and facts, but kept silent for various reasons of a private nature. But my attention has been directed to an article in the current number of Harper's Magazine on almost the same subject touched upon in the obituary, the mountains of Carolina, which, though agreeably written, is not exactly what it should be in two or three particulars.—Partly as a supplement, therefore, to my own description of the Carolina mountains, and because I have it in my power to do so, I would ask your permision respectfully to correct the correspondent in Harper's Magazine, since the subject is one which concerns the truth of geographical history, and one in which I feel a special interest.

The Black and Roan Mountains are the highest in the United States east of the Mississippi, and the chief authority upon which this assertion rests *is Cook's Map of North Carolina*, published by J. H. Colton & Co.; a work not only officially recognized by the Legislature of North Carolina, but one which has received the commendation for general accuracy of Prof. EMMONS, the State Geologist, and also that of the late Prof. MITCHELL. In submitting a table of the heights of the Carolina mountains, Mr. COOKE mentions the fact that he is indebted for them to Prof. A. GUYOT, of Princeton, who completed his survey in the summer of 1856, and it is proper to remark that his statements, have been adopted by several of the leading gazetteers and atlases of the United States in their latest editions. The peaks and heights are as follows:

	Feet.
Clingman's peak of the Black	6,701
Guyot's Peak	6,661
Sandoz Knob	6,612
Cattail Peak	6,595
Hairy Bear	6,597
Mount Gibbes	6,586
Mount Mitchell	6,576
Rocky Trail	6,481
Sugar Loaf	6,401
Potato Top	6,389
Black Knok	6,377
Bowler's Pyramid	6,345
Dome Gap	6,341
Roan Mountain	6,318

All these heights exceed Mount Washington, in New Hampshire, and are not approached by Tahawus, of the Adirondack range. In confirmation of the general accuracy of Prof. Guyot's measurements, it may be stated that during the last summer a line of levels was run to the top of the *Black* by Major J. C. Turner, of North Carolina, and that he found, by the most accurate means of measurement known, the heights of Clingman's Peak to be 6,711 feet. Though Guyot and Turner differ to the extent of ten feet, (not as far as a deer or salmon can leap,) yet there is a substantial agreement between them, and this proves that the barometer may be relied on for the measurement of elevations.

Though opposed to the American custom of naming hoary-headed mountains after living men, however distinguished, yet I do not deem it improper that certain peaks of one huge mountain should be thus designated.—But mountaineers are proverbially as honest as they are sensible, and those of Yancey and Buncombe counties (of the "good old North State") fully appreciate the luxury of having their own way. Often has the smoke of a camp fire attracted their attention on the extreme summit of Black Mountain; and when they have subsequently seen their friend Clingman, laden with geological specimens, weary and worn, descending to the lower world, it was not strange that they should learn to apply his own name to his elevated camping ground. That they should have attached to another peak the name of Mitchell was perfectly natural and proper, for they well knew that he also was not only a lover of the mountains, but had done much to make their attractions known. If the flower which Mr. Clingman may have plucked from one summit should have a little more of the blue of heaven than that picked up by Prof. Mitchell on another, let us sympathize with the former in his good fortune, and, gathering together all the blossoms of a good name, strew them upon the bier of the departed.

Very respectfully, yours,

CHARLES LANMAN.

The Methodist Church of the North and West.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 13.

A special convention of the delegates from the various annual Conferences of the Methodist Protestant Church of the North and West has been in cession here for several days. No important action was taken until yesterday, when the following report was adopted:

Whereas, We have received satisfactory information that entire freedom of discussion on the subject of slavery, cannot be enjoyed in Lynchburg; and whereas, we do not feel under obligation to meet our Southern brethren upon any other ground than terms of equality, therefore

Resolved, That it is inexpedient and unnecessary for the representatives of the North and West to attend the General Conference at Lynchburg, with a view to secure redress of the grievances which we suffer.

At the afternoon session a memorial to the General Conference was drawn up, which says:

"It is our earnest desire to perpetuate the union with the general association, but we must in Christian fairness state, that insuperable impediments prevent the continuance of the union; that the traffic in slaves, and the voluntary holding of slaves, conflicts with the rights of humanity, and we regard it as our bounden duty, as ministers and members of the church, to oppose the above practice; also, that the word "white" be struck from the Constitution."

The memorial was adopted.

The committee will probably abjourn today.

A MAN FOUND DEAD IN A CHURCH.—On Saturday morning last, says the Sandersville Georgian of Wednesday, when the doors of the Baptist church, in this place, were opened for public worship, was found lying in the pulpit, the dead body of a man. It proved to be Hugh Kelley, who has worked in the carriage shop of Gardner & Martin during the summer. A month ago, or more, he went into a drinking spree, which continued until his sudden and mysterious disappearance, about two weeks since. A two ounce phial, containing a small quantity of laudanum, was found near him, which, probably, he had drunk, and that, in connection with intemperance, was, no doubt, the immediate cause of his death.

TERRIBLE FIGHT.—A terrible fight occurred one night last week, says the Columbia (Tennessee) Mirror, between a fine blooded stallion and a jack belonging to Maj. James H. Webster, of this county, which resulted in the death of the former. The jack literally tore one of the horses' ears out by the roots, and then seizing him by the throat, soon made a finish of him.

☞At last accounts, says the Charleston Mercury there was not enough cotton in New York to load one ship—there being only a little over seventeen hundred bales. When did such a thing happen before?

☞Delhi had been taken by the British forces. The King of Delhi escaped. The British loss was six thousand men. Lucknow still held out. Considerable reinforcements of British troops had arrived at Calcutta.

☞The Fort Smith Herald has been informed that a cotton factory is to be established in the Indian Nation. Ten thousand dollars have already been raised, and the balance necessary for the purpose would be subscribed.

☞The Asheborough Bulletin has been discontinued. Mr. Drake, the editor, will remove his materials to Statesville, where he will issue the Iredell *Express.*

A BOLD COUNTERFEITER.—The Wytheville (Va.) Times understands from a reliable source, that there is a man in Giles who has established a branch of the United States Mint on "his own hook," and is carrying on quite an extensive and profitable business, making quarters, ten cent pieces, &c. He has bought up all the German silver spoons to be had in that county and Tazewell, having purchased as many as eighteen dozen at one store house, and is rapidly turning them into a "circulating medium," to which he no doubt thinks we all should be thankful, in these hard times. Our informant stated that he had himself seen a large number of this spurious coin, and that it is a very good imitation, but is deficient in weight.

The strangest part of the whole story is, that though the circumstances are known to a large number of persons, no one has yet dared to have him arrested, fearing that they cannot obtain positive proof, lest when released he will reek his revenge upon them.

☞The last Chattanooga Advertiser says: "We understand that on yesterday, the 11th inst., 400 hogs were killed at the slaughtering house of Chandler & McCamey's. As yet, we have not been informed as to what will be the probable price of hogs this season. Judging from prices in Kentucky and Ohio, however, we incline to the opinion that hogs will not command more than three and a half to four cents gross.

☞The division of California into Southern and Northern California is beginning to be thought of and discussed. Should the State be divided, Southern California will undoubtedly introduce slave labor and become a slave State.

Equalizing the Currency.

A correspondent of the Journal of Commerce makes the following suggestions concerning a mode of supplying the leading defect of our banking system:

"Let Congress pass a law authorizing the Sub Treasury at its various offices to receive gold on deposit, and issue certificates therefor in sums of $20, $50, and $100, payable to bearer, or order, as may be desired. This will furnish a currency at par from Maine to California, and serve to equalize exchanges also."

The suggestion seems well worthy of consideration. It is certainly a very serious defect in our present system that it has no uniformity,—that we have no paper money, nothing in a form suitable for remittance, which has the same value in every part of the country. The necessity for such a currency constituted the whole stock in trade of the advocates of a National Bank, after it became evident from sad experience that such an institution was not the safest custodian of the public funds. The Sub Treasury has proved an admirable substitute for it in this respect. If it could now fulfil the sole remaining function of a National Bank, by furnishing a currency based absolutely upon gold and silver, and of equal value in every part of the country, it would leave nothing to be desired in this direction. The issues of State Banks would continue to afford a currency for the ordinary purposes of the business community,—the Sub Treasury certificates being used mainly for transmitting funds to distant points.

Singular Case.

We mentioned, a few days since, the case of the lad Newthrop, at Ithaca, upon whose diseased limb there grew a singular formation, like to the passion flower. Dr. Hawley, formerly of Geneva College, has written a more detailed account of this case. The lad is from thirteen to fourteen years old, and has been subject to tenderness and disease of the hip joint, which at two years of age resulted in extensive tumefaction, three years later an abscess was formed, and finally the disease caused the dislocation of the hip joints. For four months the patient has been unable to move an inch in bed, abscesses have formed in the abdomen, and his nervous sensitiveness has been such that he would allow no one to touch him or make an investigation, and walking across the floor has caused him to cry with pain. The prolongation of his life was regarded as a miracle. On the 4th instant there was projected from the right limb, which for a long time had been greatly swollen, a stem, on the inner side, at the edge of the gastrocnemius muscle, rising at right angles with it more than seven inches in height, with a flower squarely set upon *it*, resembling the Passion Flower, or the China Aster. On Wednesday, the boy felt an oozing from what had been expected to be an abscess, and expressed great relief. He did not permit any examination until Sunday afternoon, when "a stem was seen arising at right angles with the limb, at about the height of three inches, crowned with pure white buds, resembling the white buds of the orange!" On being exposed to the light, the flower expanded, and assumed the color of a beautiful grayish purple.—*Rochester Democrat.*

STARTLING NEWS FROM THE PLAINS.—We have late intelligence by express, sent Messrs. Russell and Waddell, says the Leavenworth (Kansas) Times, that three of their trains, consisting of seventy five wagons, in charge of Dawson, Simpson and Barrett, containing Government stores for the army en route for Salt Lake City, were captured and burned by the Mormons at Hand's forks of Green river, on the 10th of October. Five wagons, and sufficient rations to reach Fort Laramie, were allowed the drivers and those connected with the traius, and ten minutes given them to leave.

They have burnt all the Government stores, but did not offer to hurt any of those connected with the trains, saying that they did not wish to spill blood, unless one of the saints should be killed, and then they would annihilate the whole United States army.

They have burnt off all the grass for a distance of two hundred miles around Salt Lake City, for the purpose of starving the stock with the Government trains.

Jesse Jones, one of Russell and Waddell's agents, had gone to Fort Bridger for supplies. He was detained there as a prisoner, and is supposed to have been killed, as it is known that he is well acquainted with all the roads and mountain passes leading into the city.

Had the troops at Fort Leavenworth, under General Harney, been pushed on early in the spring, Utah might have been awed into submission, without the sacrifice of life or property. Now we may look for both, and a long and bloody fight besides.

Collision and Loss of Life.

New Orleans, November 18.

By an arrival at this port from Texas, we learn that the steamship Opelousas, from Berwick Bay for Galveston, came in collision with the steamer Galveston, at midnight on the 15th instant, and was sunk immediately. Twenty five persons were lost, among whom was Gen. James Hamilton, of South Carolina. All the officers and crew were saved.

A Mr. Alley, of Bucksport, Maine, is the father of twenty two children, and among them are six pairs of twins. W-h-o-o-p-e!

ASHEVILLE NEWS

The Use and Abuse of Credit.

There are many persons who, in ordinary times, cannot be brought to believe that there is any moral wrong in speculation. Times like these assist greatly in opening the eyes of the creditors at least, if not of the debtors. Let a wholesale merchant hold a note for $5,000 for goods delivered, due to him by a country merchant, and it goes to protest. If he inquires into the cause, ten chances to one the country merchant has sold most of the goods, and invested the proceeds, as a first instalment, in Western lands or railway shares. Everything has fallen, and lands and railway shares have sunk all the investment. The debtor thinks he is to be pitied, but the creditor feels that he is to be blamed. Who is right? The creditor, if he utters what is in his heart, says, "You are a speculator, which is about the same as a swindler." But the debtor asks, "Pray, what is a speculator? I intended to pay every man the last cent. I expected to pay. If I have sunk $5,000 of your money, I have lost $10,000 of my own. Where lies the distinction between speculation and any other kinds of trading on credit?'

The difference lies here. Speculation consists in making use of credit to traffic in other than a man's regular and avowed business. If any one has capital over and above the payment of all his debts on the day they are due, he is at liberty to invest the surplus as he pleases and believes most profitable. If he gamble with it openly and put it all to hazard on the rattling of the dice box or the turn of a card, however wrong it may be in some points of view, he has swindled no one if he loose it all. But if a man pretend to be doing a regular and honest business, and asks for credit on his goods till he can get them into the market, and then takes the proceeds, as they come in, and, before meeting his notes, hazards the whole sum at a faro bank, he is not only a gambler, but a dishonest man, and this equally whether he win or loose, because he risks that which was not his, and in a manner that was not contemplated by the merchant who trusted him.

Every man has a right to invest his own money in Western lands, or railroad stocks, or gunpowder, or insurance, or anything else he pleases, provided that he does not make use of his credit obtained in other walks of business, or involve that.

We are not here discussing the credit system so far as it is used simply in conducting an open and legitimate business. That indeed, needs far more checks and safeguards thrown around it than it has for years received. And the long credit system has, we know, to answer for much of the recent speculative movement. If a man has turned his goods into cash at four months, and has not got to pay for them under eight, he does not want the money to lie idle. Hence, he invests it in all sorts of things of which he knows nothing. A few fortunate hits of this kind will make the most conscientious merchant a speculator of the worst kind in a year, without knowing that he is doing wrong.

But we are not now speaking of long credit. The point we wish to press is that, whatever use a man may make of credit in his own legitimate business, he has no right to transfer the risk which must always attend it, without the creditor's consent, to any other line of business. He is entrusted with goods, because he is known to be in a certain line of business, not because he has capital enough to pay for what he is trusted with. A man out of business would not be thus credited.—But his character is reported good, and he, being in a business regularly to sell such goods, can in due time pay for them and get a profit. If it were conjectured that he would purchase lottery tickets with the money, he would not be trusted. But where can we draw the line? No man has any more right to make use of his credit as a regular Pennsylvania country merchant to go into the land speculation in Iowa, than to buy lottery tickets in Maryland. The creditor was willing to take the risk from losses in the regular course of his business, but not willing, of course, to run into extra and unnecessary danger.

Yet many say all business has its risks, and that from which we by this rule should be prohibited, those whose regular business it is, may go into legitimately, and make use of the usual facilities of credit to carry it on, without its being considered speculation. This is exactly so. The man who has all his life dealt in sugar, will know more about that trade than the speculater who goes into a purchase blind fold. A shoe-maker or manufacturer may be safely trusted to make and sell shoes, but not, therefore, to judge of Western lands. It is the misfortune of many a man to be a jack of all trades but a master of none. But such, if known, are not trusted. For any man, then, to transfer the credit he receives in one business to any other, is speculation in the worst sense of the term. It is just this which is the cause of all the present revulsion. It is this which has paralyzed credit, suspended the banks, ruined hundreds of the rich, and is starving thousands of the poor.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

☞A Washington letter says: "Gold and silver are not scarce. It is believed that in New York alone, twenty millions of dollars' value of these metals is in use for purposes of utility and adornment in the habitations of the people."

Baptist State Convention.

At the recent Baptist State Convention the Rev. James McDaniel, of Fayetteville, was unanimously re elected President; Elder J. B. Solomon, Secretary; and Elders Q. H. Trotman, W. M. Wingate and J. J. James Vice Presidents. In his opening address, Mr. McDaniel remarked, that, of those brethren who were present when the Convention was organized, twenty eight years since, in the town of Tarboro', only one besides himself was now present. Nearly all of that little but devoted band were gathered to their Fathers, and had entered upon their reward in the world of glory.

The following Delegates were appointed to a Convention to be held at Greenville, S. C., to provide for establishing a General Theological Seminary for the South West, viz: J. McDaniel, J. J. James, J. L. Pritchard, T. W. Tobey, T. E. Skinner, J. Mitchell, W. M. Wingate, J. B. Solomon, Q. H. Trotman, T. H. Pritchard, A. McDowell, W. Hooper.

The principal incident of the Convention was the completion of the subscription of $50,000 for the endowment of Wake Forest College. The Convention adjourned to meet in Raleigh on Wednesday before the 2d Sabbath in November, '58.

A Fearful Judgment.—The Hollidaysburg Standard of late date, says:—For some days past there has been a singular story afloat in this community. It appears that one day last week, a man in the neighborhood of Mount Union, Huntingdon county while cleaning grain, suddenly discovered that the weevil had destroyed the greater part of it.—This so exasperated him that he blasphemed the Savior in such a wilful, malicious and wicked manner, as will not bear putting in print. He left the barn and went to the house, where he seated himself in a chair, where he had remained but a few minutes before he turned to his wife and asked her what she said. She replied that she had not spoken. "I thought," said he "that I heard somebody say that I must sit here till judgment day." "It is now alleged that he is *still sitting in the chair*, unable to rise or speak, with his eyes rolling, and totally incapable of moving his body.

Be Earnest.—The grand secret of all worldly success, which some men call will, I would rather call earnestness. If I were asked, from my experience of life, to say what attribute most impressed the minds of others, or most commanded fortune, I should say, "earnestness. The earnest man wins for himself, and earnestness and truth go together.

Bulwer.

How to Get to Congress.—The following story is told by the Mobile Tribune of Judge Hawkins, the present representative to Congress from the State of Florida—a man, by the way, brimful of genuine wit: During the war with the Florida Indians he commanded a volunteer company. On one occasion they fell upon a party of the enemy concealed in a swamp. The captain sprang upon a log, (with more valor, than discretion,) waved his sword, and cheered his men to the charge.—Just then he was shot down. One of his officers ran to ask if he was much hurt. "Not very badly," said Hawkins; "just about enough to send me to Congress." The prediction has now been verified.

☞In the representative branch of the Tennessee Legislature on Tuesday last Mr. Maney introduced a resolution instructing the Senators and requesting Representatives in Congress from Tennessee to induce the passage of a law in Congress taxing bank bills of a less denomination than twenty five dollars.

☞Mr. David Murphy, the paper manufacturer near Fayetteville, has presented the editors of the *Observer*, with a ream of paper made at his Mill from the Sugar Cane after the juice had been expressed. The Observer says it is of very good body, bearing ink well, but of yellowish color. We hope that the sugar cane may be profitable used in making paper.

A Simple Remedy.—A writer in the Baltimore Sun, who has been afflicted severely in his family by that appalling disease, bronchitis, has found relief from the following remedy:—Take honey in the comb, squeeze it out, and dilute with a little water, and wet the lips and mouth occasionally with it. It has never been known to fail, in cases where children had throats so swollen as to be unable to swallow. It is certainly a simple remedy, and may be a very efficacious one.

Distemper among the Deer in Georgia.—The Wire Grass (Ga.) *Reporter* says, that the deer in the counties of Irwin and Worth are dying in great numbers. Many have been found dead in the woods, and many others caught by dogs after a short chase. A hunter discovered a large buck by hearing him cough, a few days since and killed him. He was diseased. The blood was thin and watery, and the joints seemed to be bloodshot. The deer are dying in vast numbers in Thomas, Colquitt and Baker, as well as Irwin and Worth.

☞Many people are like a steamer, it requires hot water to start them.

MARRIED,

On Sunday evening last, 22d instant, by the Editor of this paper, Mr. Hiram Cordell and Miss Harriet M. Miller, of this town.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

Office of the Literary Board,
Raleigh, *November* 4th, 1857.

The President and Directors of the Literary Fund, having made distribution of the net income of said Fund, for the year 1857, among the several Counties of the State for Common Schools, have directed the following tabular statement to be published, showing the Spring and Fall Distribution to each County, and the sum total distributed during the year.

The amount of the Fall Distribution will be paid to the persons entitled to the same, on application to the Treasury Department.

The counties of Jackson, Madison and Polk will receive their portion out of the amount distributed, from the counties out of which they were respectively formed, there having been no report from said counties under the law of the last General Assembly.

THOS. BRAGG,
President ex-officio of the Literary Board.

Pulaski Cowper, *Secretary of the Board.*

Counties.	Fed Pop	Sping Dis.	Fall Dis.	Total Dis.	Deduct for Deaf and dumb.	
Alamance,	10,166	$ 1,219 92	$ 1,219 92	$ 2,439 84	Wm. Keck, Peter L. Ray,	150 00
Alexander,	5,003	600 36	600 36	1,200 72		
Anson,	10,756	1,290 72	1,290 72	2,581 44	Wm. Covington,	75 00
Ashe,	8,529	1,024 68	1,024 68	2,049 36		
Beaufort,	11,716	1,405 92	1,405 92	2,811 48		
Bertie,	9,973	1,196 76	1,196 76	2,393 52		
Bladen,	8,024	962 88	962 88	1,925 76		
Brunswick,	5,951	714 12	714 12	1,428 24		
Buncombe,	12,338	1,480 56	1,480 56	2,961 12		
Burke,	6,919	830 28	830 28	1,660 56	Catharine L. Fisher,	225 00
Cabarrus,	8,674	1,040 88	1,040 88	2,081 76	Leah L. Fisher, and	
Caldwell,	5,836	700 32	700 32	1,400 64	Moses Fisher,	
Camden,	5,174	620 88	620 88	1,241 76	Thomas Berry,	75 00
Carteret,	6,208	744 96	744 96	1,489 92	Sarah Bushell,	75 00
Caswell,	12,161	1,459 32	1,459 32	2,918 64		
Catawba,	8,234	988 08	988 08	1,976 16	Caswell Cobb,	75 00
Chatham,	16,055	1,926 60	1,926 60	3;853 20		
Cherokee,	6,703	804 36	804 36	1,608 72		
Chowan,	5,252	630 24	630 24	1,260 48		
Cleaveland,	9,697	1,163 64	1,163 64	2,327 28		
Columbus,	5,308	636 96	636 96	1,273 92	Lazarus Crow,	
Craven,	12,329	1,479 48	1,479 48	2,958 96	Jesse Holder,	300 00
Cumberland,	10,634	1,276 06	1,276 06	2,552 12	H. A. Strickland, &	
Currituck,	6,257	750 84	750 84	1,501 68	Jno. R. Strickland,	
Davidson,	14,123	1,694 76	1,694 76	3,389 52		
Davie,	6,998	839 76	839 76	1,679 52		
Duplin,	11,111	1,333 32	1,333 32	2,666 64	Ellen Johnston,	75 00
Edgecombe,	10,018	1,302 12	1,302 12	2,604 24		
Forsyth,	10,627	1,275 74	1,275 74	2,550 48	Caroline Pratt,	75 00
Franklin,	9,510	1,141 20	1,141 20	2,282 40		
Gaston,	7,228	867 36	867 36	1,734 72	Robert W. Wyles,	75 00
Gates,	6,878	825 36	825 36	1,650 72		
Granville,	17,303	2,076 36	2,076 36	4,152 72		
Greene,	5,320	638 52	638 52	1,277 04	Jas. Harrell, William	225 00
Guilford,	18,480	2,217 60	2,217 60	4,435 20	Berry, and E. Hiatt,	
Halifax,	13,007	1,560 84	1,560 84	3,121 68	Mary Burt.	75 00
Harnett,	7,089	850 70	850 70	1,701 40		
Haywood,	6,907	828 84	828 84	1,657 68		
Henderson,	6,883	825 96	825 96	1,651 92		
Hertford,	6,656	798 72	798 72	1,597 44		
Hyde,	6,585	790 20	790 20	1,580 40		
Iredell,	13,062	1,567 44	1,567 44	1,334 88		
Jackson,						
Johnston,	11,149	1,337 92	1,337 92	2,675 84	Mary Flowers,	75 00
Jones,	3,935	472 20	472 20	944 40		
Lenoir,	6,181	741 84	741 84	1,483 68	Eunice Gurgannes,	75 00
Lincoln,	6,924	830 88	830 88	1,661 76		
Madison,						
McDowell,	5,741	688 92	688 92	1,377 84		
Macon,	6,169	740 28	740 28	1,480 56		
Martin,	6,961	835 32	835 32	1,670 64		
Mecklenburg,	17,724	1,406 88	1,406 88	2,813 76		
Montgomery,	6,166	739 56	739 56	1,479 12	Ann R. Shields and	150 00
Moore,	8,552	1,026 26	1,026 26	2,552 52	Charles Shields,	
Nash,	7,905	948 58	948 58	1,897 16	Charles B. Morris &	150 00
New Hanover	14,236	1,708 32	1,708 32	3,410 64	William Tilly,	
Northampton	10,731	1,287 72	1,287 72	2,575 44		
Onsloww,	7,040	844 80	844 80	1,689 60		
Orange,	14,957	1,794 84	1,794 84	3.589 68		
Pasquotank,	7,708	924 96	924 96	2,849 92	Penelope Pendleton,	75 00
Perquimons,	6,030	723 60	723 60	1,447 20		
Person,	8,825	1,059 00	1,059 00	2,188 00		
Pitt,	10,745	1,289 40	1,289 40	2,578 80		
Polk,						
Randolph,	15,176	1,821 12	1,821 12	3,642 24		
Richmond,	9,936	952 32	952 32	1,904 64		
Robeson,	11,080	1,329 60	1,329 60	2,659 20		
Rockingham,	12,363	1,483 56	1,483 56	2,967 12		
Rowan,	12,329	1,479 48	1,479 48	2,950 96		
Rutherford,	12,388	1,486 56	1,486 56	2,673 12		
Sampson,	12,311	1,477 32	1,477 32	2,954 64	Patty Hall and	150 00
Stanly,	6,348	761 76	761 76	1,623 52	Kitty Hall,	
Stokes,	8,490	1,018 80	1,018 80	2,037 60		
Surry,	8,132	975 84	975 84	1,951 68	Larkin Snow,	75 00
Tyrrell,	4,452	534 24	534 24	1,068 48	C. Saunders, N. Dupree, C. Witherspoon & J. Benton	300 00
Union,	9,258	1,110 96	1,110 96	2,221 92		
Wake,	21,123	2,534 76	2,534 76	5,069 52		
Warren,	10,366	1,243 92	1,243 92	2,487 84	John Simpson,	75 00
Washington,	4,780	563 60	573 60	1,147 20		
Watauga,	3,348	401 76	401 76	803 52		
Wayne,	10,317	1,238 09	1,238 09	2,476 18		
Wilkes,	11,642	1,397 04	1,396 04	2,794 08		
Wilson,	6,754	710 45	710 45	1,420 90	Margaret Perry,	75 00
Yadkin,	9,511	1,141 32	1,141 32	2,282 64		
Yancey,	8,068	968 16	968 16	1,937 32		
	752,542	$90,425 04	$90,425 04	180,850 08		

Asheville Prices Current.

[Corrected Weekly by Smith & Chapman.]

SUGAR, brown, per lb.		12½ a	16
" crush'd, " "		18	
COFFEE, " "		16⅔	
FLOUR, per 100 lbs.	$3	a	00
WHEAT, per bushel,	85 a	1	00
OATS, " "	30		
CORN, " "	50		
DRIED APPLES.			
FEATHERS, per lb.		33⅓	
WOOL, " "		25	
TALLOW, " "		12½	
BEESWAX, " "		20	
BUTTER, " "		15	
EGGS, per dozen,		10	
CHICKENS, each,	10 a		12½
HOGS, gross, per lb.			
" nett, " "			
LARD, " "			
HYDES, dry, " "		15	
" green " "	6 a		7
SNAKE ROOT, per lb.		30	
GENSANG, " "		25	
SPUN YARN,	1	25	

Greenville Prices Current.

[Corrected Weekly, by Sam'l Stradley, Jr.]

BACON, per lb.	18 a		20
BUTTER, "	20 a		25
FLOUR, per bbl.	$5 50 a	6	00
CORN (new)	55 a		60
WHEAT, per bush.,	1 00		00
OATS, " "	35 a		40
RYE, " "	70 a		75
APPLES, " "	75 a	1	00
POTATOES, Irish,	75 a	1	00
BEESWAX, per lb.	18¾		
TALLOW, " "	12½		
LARD, " "	20 a		25
FEATHERS, " "	35 a		38
COFFEE, " "	14 a		16¼
MOLASSES,—			
West India,	60 a		00
New Orleans,	75 a	1	00
SUGAR, N. O., per lb.	12½		
" Crushed,	16⅔		
SALT, per sack,	2	2	20
NAILS, per lb	6 a		7
SPUN YARN,	1 20 a	1	25
EGGS, per doz.,	12½ a		15
CHESTNUTS, bush.	1 25 a	1	50

NOTICE.

THE Board of Managers of the Western Baptist Convention of North Carolina are hereby notified that by virtue of agreement, a meeting being needful, is appointed to be held with the Rock Spring Church, Rutherford county, commencing Saturday before the third Sabbath in December next. A full meeting is desired.

THOS. STRADLEY, Sr., Pres.
Nov. 19, '57.

Strictly for Cash.

FOR sale a lot of Tennessee Superfine FLOUR, at $3 per sack, by
Nov. 19, SMITH & CHAPMAN.

☞There are occasions when even the healthiest people need medicine, the changes of diet, of the weather, and hundreds of other causes, produce a laxity in the system that needs correcting, or in other words, the liver becomes slightly deranged, and needs a stimulator. If all who find themselves in this situation will try Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, they may be sure of relief as we can testify to its efficacy in curing Headache, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, and other ills so common in a family. It acts, as a medicine, easier and better than any dose of pills we ever swallowed, and is so mild that the smallest infant can take it. November 12.

Helmbold's Compound Fluid Extract, as a remedy for Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Weaknesses, &c., has no equal. Read the advertisement in another column headed "Helmbold's Genuine Preparation." Nov. 12

NEW AND ELEGANT GOODS!

J. M. BLAIR & CO.

No. 1, Main Street, Opposite Eagle Hotel,

Have Opened further Invoices of their Spring Importations.

NEW STYLE PRINTS, of English, French and American manufacture elegant, brilliant; French Cambrics of different pattern and color; Dress Silks, of various styles, qualities, and prices; Black Silks; New Embroideries—Collars from 12 1-2 cents to $6; French and Scotch Collars; Cambric, Swiss and Mainloop Flouncing & Bands; Mourning Collars; Mourning Berages, Organdies and Jaconets; Mantillas; Ladies beautiful dress Mantillas, black, white and colored, from $2 50, to $15;—Ribbons, Trimmings, Rusches; Silk Crape; Neapoliton and Straw Bonnets, trimmed and plain, from 75 cents to $12; Ladies Congress and Kid Gaiters; Walking Shoes; Misses Gaiters.

EVERY THING

THAT is calculated to please the senses and satisfy the fastidious tastes of the "fair" of this and the surrounding counties. As our stock has been selected with great care in a **SOUTHERN** market by one of the firm, who, although *perhaps* not the best buyer in this market, still, from his long experience in suiting the wants of the people of these parts, has the *presumption* to think our stock, in point of taste, quality, variety and quantity, will compare favorably with any and every stock in town.—But this point we are willing for our customers and the public to decide. So look round, ladies and gentlemen, and then give us a call, and we will convince you we are not "gassing," but in sober, serious earnest.

GROCERIES.

We would call attention to the fact that we have, and intend hereafter to keep constantly on hand, a superior quality of FAMILY GROCERIES. Rio and Java Coffee, Sugars, Salt, Syrup, Molasses, Fish, White Wine Vinegar, and every thing in this department.

4000 lbs. Sugar, 100 Sacks Coffee, 100 Sacks Salt, 800 gallons Molasses, just arriving

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Gentlemen's fine pump Boot, sewed and pegged; gents Oxford Ties, patent leather and calf skin, a very superior article; gents Congress Boot and patent leather Pump; calf skin Shoes, bound and unbound; Wax Brogans, a full assortment of that superior brand, "Dunham's," that we always keep. Boys wax brogans and calf skin shoes; boys boots; children's shoes, every quality, color and price.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

Pants, Coats and Vests, of any color, kind, quality or price, that you may desire; Cotton gauze under Shirts; Linen Shirts, collars standing or *a la* Byron; Stocks, satin and silk; fancy silk and cambric Neck Ties; black silk Scarf and Cravats; gents Hose, white, brown, mixed and fancy

HARDWARE. A superior stock of Cutlery, Hoes, Steel, As't Nails, "Griffin's" brand, Scythes, &c.

DRUGS, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, and every thing in this line.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE,

In every particular, and we can say to our customers, and the good people of all Carolina, that we are now prepared to supply their varied wants, in every instance. So, with the above introduction, we take the liberty of inviting you all, big and little, small and great, to come and see our GOODS; and if low prices "ALMOST cost and carriage," polite and attentive clerks, beautiful, durable and showy Goods, are any attraction, you will not be disappointed. Come along—we don't charge anything for showing. Bring your money—bring your produce—give us a trial before going elsewhere. We will do as well, perhaps a little better, than any body else.

ATTENTION! LIMESTONE AND CANE CREEK!

We are now receiving, at our Store at Shufordsville, a complete and magnificent stock of **GOODS,** embracing every thing that you can want, which we agree to sell as low as they can be sold any where in Asheville. So give us a call, and you will find our Goods cheap, durable and fashionable, and our clerks attentive and polite, and willing to show you our goods. So come along, bring your money and your produce, and we will give you the highest market price for both. We would call to your attention the fact that we intend to keep a larger and more complete stock always on hand hereafter at this place. You will find it to your interest to trade here, as you have just as good a stock to select from, prices just as low, and so much nearer home. Remember us, and call, before you go further and fare worse.

J. M. BLAIR & CO.

March 26, 1857.

Blacksmithing.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that the Blacksmith business at the

New Brick Shop,

immediately south of his residence, will hereafter be conducted by himself. He has the very best workmen employed, and is prepared to turn out every description of work at short notice and in the best style. Despatch and punctuality may be relied on at this establishment.

Particular attention is paid to

HORSE SHOEING,

and he challenges a comparison of his work in this department with any other establishment in the State.

Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to, at reasonable rates.

T. GOODLAKE.

Asheville, July 2, 1857.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

WE are now receiving our late extensive purchases of Ready-Made

CLOTHING,

consisting of every grade of quality, and embracing the newest styles and latest fashions.

We would call particular attention to our stock of

Boots, Shoes, and Hats,

Broad Cloths, English and *French Cassimeres, 6-4 Cloths & Coatings, Vestings, Trimings of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs,*

And a variety of FANCY GOODS, usually called for in a

Gentleman's Furnishing Store.

We take this opportunity to return thanks to our numerous friends and customers for past favors, and to inform them that in order to do justice to this branch of business we have engaged the services of Maj Dunlap, by whose well known taste and judgment, together with the personal attention of the principals, we hope to secure a continuance of their liberal patronage.

SMITH & CHAPMAN.

Sept. 10, 1857.

LIGHT READING.

All the popular Novels of the day constantly on hand at ASTON'S.

BUY your Drugs and Medicines at ASTON'S

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

Important Announcement.

TO all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as *Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis,* the Vice of *Onanism,* or *Self Abuse,* &c., &c.

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, have directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a *charitable act* worthy of their name, to give *Medical Advice Gratis,* to all persons thus afflicted, who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering, to *furnish Medicines free of charge.*

The Howard Association is a benevolent Institution, established by special endowment, for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with "Virulent and Epidemic Diseases." It has now a surplus of means, which the Directors have voted to expend in advertising the above notice. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

Just Published, by the Association, a Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail (in a sealed envelope,) *Free of Charge,* on the receipt of two stamps for postage.

Address, **Dr. GEO. R. CALHOUN,** Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors,

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Secretary.*
February 12, 1857. 1y

1000 Lbs. Old Copper

WANTED, for which I will pay Stoves or Tin Ware.

H. LINDSEY.

March 20, 1856.—tf

North Carolina Form Book.

JUST received and for SALE at ASTON'S.

DR. W. H. MURDOCH,

HAVING permanently located at the residence of R. P. Wells, Esq., on Turkey Creek, on the direct road from Asheville to Sandy Mush, Spring Creek, &c., offers his professional services to the citizens of the surrounding country. He will always be found at home, except when absent on professional business. mar 26, 1857

ALL MATERIALS

For making Roraback's Soap for sale in any quantities, at ASTON'S.

ASHEVILLE NEWS:

Cousin Sally Dillard Cut-done.

Scene at Chatham during the session of the Circuit Court, in the case of Commonwealth vs. Cassady, on a charge of malicious stabbing.

The venire being empanelled, and the jury solemnly charged by the clerk, the Commonwealth's Attorney called, in support of the indictment, the witness Buck Bryant, who being solemnly sworn the truth to tell, testified as follows:

Question by Commonwealth's Attorney.—Tell all you know about the cutting of the prosecutor, by Cassady, the prisoner at the bar.

Ans.—Well, gentlemen, it was election day—'twas a dark, cloudy, wet sort of drizzly day, and says I to my old woman, I believe I'll go down to Ringgold and 'posit my vote. And says my old woman to me, well, Buck, as it is a sort of dark, cloudy, wet sort of a drizzly day, says she, hadn't you better take your umbrill. Says I to the old woman, I spect I had better take the umbrill.—So I took the umbrill and advanced down towards Ringgold, and got down thar, Mr. Cole comed, and says he, uncle Buck, have you seed anything of old neighbor Harris?—Says I to Mr. Cole for why? Says he, he's got my umbrill. (The witness was here interrupted by the Court and told to confine himself to the actual fray between the prisoner and Cole, the prosecutor. In answer to which the witness remarked, in a tone of indignant remonstrance, well now, Mr. Judge, you hold on for I am sworn to tell the truth, and I am gwine to tell it in my own way—so 'taint for—while for you to say nothing about it—whereupon the court and commonwealth's attorney being anxious to get rid of the witness on any terms, told him to go on and tell the tale in his own way.) Well, as I was gwine on to say, 'twas on one 'lection day. Buchanan and Filmo was running for the legislatur, and says I to my old woman, says I, I b'lieve I'll go down to Ringgold and 'posit my vote. Says my old woman to me, says she, Buck as it is a sort of a dark, cloudy, rainy, drizzly sort of a day, hadn't you better take your umbrill, says she? Says I to the old woman, says I, I spect I had better take my umbrill; so I tuck the umbrill and advanced on towards Ringgold, till I arrive thar. Well, the first thing I did when I got thar was to take a drink of Buchanan whisky which was monstrous good, and says I to myself, says I old hoss, you feel better now, don't you! And while I was advancing around, Mr. Cole he comed to me; says he Uncle Buck, says he, have you seed anything of our neighbor Harris? Says I, for why?—Says he, the old cock's got my umbrill.—Arter a while, I 'posited my vote, and then Mr. Cole and me advanced back towards home, and Mr. Cole was tighter than I ever seed him.

And so we advanced along till we got to whar the road and path forked, and Mr. Cole and me took the path as any other gentlemen would do, and arter advancing a while we arriv to old neighbor Harris a settin on a log with the umbrill on his arm, and bout that time Elijah Cassady (the prisoner) comed up, and we advanced on till we arriv at Elijah's house. Elijah is my neffew and likewise my son in law—he married my darter Jane which is next to my darter Sally.—Arter we had advanced to Elijah's house we stood in the yard awhile a jawin, and presently two somebody's rid up on a hoss, which was Johnston before, and Whitfield Cassady behind. Whitefield and Kiah Cassady being the same. Elijah and Kiah is brothers, both born in the nat'ral way like anybody else's brothers, no gals between 'em, and both of 'em is about the same age, especially Kiah, which ar the youngest. Kiah war drunk, and he and Mr. Cole got to cussin one another bout politix, and I advanced in the house whar was Elijah's wife, which is my darter Jane, which is next to my darter Sally. Well arter jawin awhile with em, my little neffew says he to me, says he, Uncle Buck, lets go home. Says I, good pop, so we pegged on together, and I heard somebody a calling me, but never tentioned 'em nor advanced back. Well, I got home and was eating my supper, and Elijah, which is my son in law, and married my darter Jane, which is next to my darter Sally, arrived, and says he to me, Uncle Buck, says he, I've killed a man. Says I, the hell you have.—And this is all I know about the stabbing, because I want thar.

Death from Snuff Dipping.—A beautiful and otherwise highly accomplished young lady, of New York, died recently from the effects of the pernicious and disgusting practice of snuff-dipping. She had become so addicted to the habit that her lungs were literally stopped up with the vile compound, and respiration being stopped, death ensued. Let snuff dippers make a note.

Calico vs. Silk.—The Providence Journal advocates the establishment of a Calico Society, and urges the ladies of that city to wear the products of their home manufactories.

☞ "Some men," wrote a New England Puritan two hundred years ago, "some men are *all church* and no Christ."—This was strongly said, but not said without truth.

Government is the soul of society.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

ARE now receiving their Stock of Spring and Summer

GOODS

FOR

1857.

Which, for variety, will surpass any stock ever offered in this market. Having been selected with great care in the cities of Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, by one of the firm, Mr. D. F. Summey, who is acknowledged to be a man of the nicest taste and best judgment in this market in selecting goods; they would invite a discriminating public to inspect their stock, feeling assured that they will be able to demonstrate the fact that they have the best selected and cheapest stock in market. They don't pretend to sell for pay down alone, but the man who wants to deal in that way can be accommodated with goods as low as any "pay down" house can sell; and should he want a few more goods than his money will buy, they will be glad to let him have them, and wait until January, 1858. Good, prompt customers will do well to give them a call.

The usual articles of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

SUMMEY, McDOWELL & CO.

Asheville, March 19, '57.

FALL TRADE, 1857.

B. B. HOPKINS, ROBERT HULL, WM. H. RYAN, THOS. W. ATKINSON.

HOPKINS, HULL & CO.

Wholesale Dealers in

British, French & American

DRY GOODS,

No. 258 Baltimore Street,

Opposite Hanover Street, BALTIMORE.

We beg to call the attention of buyers to our Fall Stock, which comprises a most attractive assortment of

British, French & American Dry Goods.

In each department we shall exhibit a large assortment, and shall be prepared to furnish any article needed in our line. Many of our goods we receive directly from the manufacturers, and our facilities enable us to supply our customers with goods as low as they can purchase them in any of the Eastern Cities. We would farther state, that by the recent completion of many of the Western and Southern Railroads tending towards Baltimore, we have increased facilities for forwarding goods with dispatch. We solicit a call from prompt buyers, and shall endeavor to make it to their interest to deal with us.

Very Respectfully,

HOPKINS, HULL & CO.

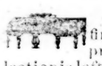
258 Baltimore Street.

☞ Orders promptly attended to.

Baltimore, Sept. 10th, 1857. 4m

A. G. KERN,

(Lately Professor of Music in Greensboro' Female College.)



Furnishes the best PIANOS of any first-class maker that purchasers may prefer, *at factory prices.* If the selection is left to him, he will order, in every case from the house which is acknowledged by competent judges to be at this time the best in the world! A sample may be seen at Dr. Hilliard's in this place. For further information apply to Prof. J. Hildebrand. [Asheville, Sept. 3, 1857

THE most extensive assortment of Boots and Shoes ever offered in Asheville, for sale by RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 3. tf

MATERIALS

FOR MAKING

Rorabaek's

Compound Chemical Toilet and Washing

SOAP.

For sale by SMITH & CHAPMAN.

July 9, 1857.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Firm of W. D. Rankin & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent of the parties on the 1st January, 1857.

W. D. RANKIN.
R. W. PULLIAM,
M. M. GAINES.

ALL who wish to purchase *cheap Goods* can be accommodated at the store of

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 3. tf

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having purchased the interest of *L. CHAPMAN*, in the firm of Chapman, Rankin & Co., will continue the business at the old stand, under the name and style of Rankin & Chapman.

J. B. RANKIN.
R. H. CHAPMAN.

Asheville, Jan. 1, 1857.

A LARGE stock of fashionable READY MADE CLOTHING, just received, and for sale, by RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

April 3. tf

M. L. DOYLE,

BAKER & CONFECTIONER,

Main Street, opposite Eagle Hotel,

Asheville, N. C.

Keeps constantly on hand Bread of superior quality; Cake of every description; Candies in endless variety and abundance; Cheese; Nuts; Raisins; and in a word, every thing calculated to refresh and strengthen the physical man, and tranquilize and sooth the mind. Families and Parties supplied at short notice, and on reasonable terms, &c., &c., &c.

March 5, 1857.

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

ARE receiving an additional stock of Ready Made

Clothing, Hats, Bonnets, Jewelry, Watches, &c., &c.,

making their stock very complete. Call and examine it. July 24, 1857.

Children's, Boys and Youth's

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Just received by SMITH & CHAPMAN.

April 2, 1857.

North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company.

AT the Annual Meeting of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company, held on the 14th inst., the following persons were elected Directors and Officers for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS:

Henry D. Turner, Raleigh.
J. R. Williams, do.
T. H. Selby, do.
C. W. D. Hutchings, do.
Kemp P. Battle, do.
George Little, do.
James M. Towles, do.
James E. Hoyt, Washington.
Alex. Mitchell, Newbern.
Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington.
John M. Jones, Elenton.
W. W. Griffin, Elizabeth City.
F. F. Fagan, Plymouth.
J. W. Harrell, Murfreesboro.
H. B. Williams, Charlotte.
George A. Smith, Milton.
O. F. Long, Hillsboro'.
Joseph White, Anson county.
Josh. Boner, Salem.
A. T. Summey, Asheville.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY.

T. H. Selby, President.
H. D. Turner, Vice President.
John H. Bryan, Attorney.
Hamden S. Smith, Secretary and Treasurer.
T. H. Selby, *ex officio*, John R. Williams, C. W. D. Hutchings, } Executive Committee

This Company has been in successful operation over 10 years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State, (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms. Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,737,649, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present Capital is over Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds, properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent. per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid. HAMDEN S. SMITH, Sec.

A. T. Summey, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, '57. 1y

North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company.

OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company insures the lives of individuals for one year, a term of years, or for life, on the Mutual Principle, the assured for life participating in the profits of the Company. For policies granted for the whole term of life, when the premium therefor amounts to $30, a note may be given for one half the amount of the premium bearing interest at 6 per cent without guaranty.

The prompt manner in which all losses have been paid by this Company together with the low rates of premium, present great inducements to such as are disposed to insure.

Slaves are insured for a term of from one to five years, for two thirds their value.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

DIRECTORS.

Charles E. Johnson,	Wm. W. Holden,
Wm. D. Haywood,	Wm. D. Cooke,
James F. Jordan,	R. H. Battle,
Quinten Busbee,	Wm. H. Jones,
H. W. Husted,	P. F. Pescud,
Wm. H. McKee,	K. P. Battle.
Charles B. Root,	

OFFICERS.

Dr. Charles E. Johnson, President,
William D. Haywood, Vice President.
R. H. Battle, Secretary,
William H. Jones, Treasurer,
H. W. Husted, Attorney,
Charles E. Johnson, M. D. } Medical
William H. McKee, M. D. } Board of
Richd. B. Haywood, M. D. } Consultation.
Q. Busbee,
W. H. McKee, } Executive Committee.
Charles B. Root,

For further information, the public are referred to the pamphlets, and forms of proposal, which may be obtained at the Office of the Company, or any of its Agencies.

Communications should be addressed, (post paid,) to R. H. BATTLE, Secretary.

A. T. Summey, Agent, Asheville.

Raleigh, March 12, 1857—1y.

ASHEVILLE Mutual Insurance Company,

AT a meeting of the members of the *Asheville Mutual Insurance Company*, convened in Asheville on Friday October 17th the following Board of Directors and Officers were elected to serve during the year, viz:

DIRECTORS.

James W. Patton, W. D. Rankin, J. M. Blair, N. W. Woodfin, J. E. Patton, B. J. Smith, Hugh Johnston, Ephraim Clayton, M. Patton.

OFFICERS.

J. R. Osborne, President.
W. W. McDowell, Vice President.
J. B. Rankin, Secretary and Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

J. W. Patton, W. D. Rankin, M. Patton.

MEDICAL BOARD.

J. F. E. Hardy, M. D.
J. D. Boyd, " "
W. L. Hilliard, " "

ATTORNIES.

Z. B. Vance, A. S. Merrimon.

All communications should be addressed to

J. B. RANKIN, *Secretary.*

Asheville, Nov. 15, 1856.

COME ALONG!

1000 pounds Sal Soda; 300 of Epsom Salts; 500 Putty; 100 gallons Spirits Turpentine; 2,500 lbs. White Lead in Oil; 500 lbs. Dry White Lead.

Just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

Sept. 24.

Fresh Stock.

JUST received a full stock of fresh and genuine drugs and medicines at the Brick Corner, *No. 1 Aston's Block.*

SPRING GOODS!

—0—

GAINES, DEAVER & CO.

ARE now receiving, at the old stand of Rankin & Pulliam, a general stock of *SPRING GOODS*, embracing every article usually found in a retail store in this country. They solicit a call from those wishing to buy, and promise to exhibit as pretty and as cheap Goods as the market can afford. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, and we will do you good.

April 9, 1857.

M. L. NEILSON, M. D.,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

January 11, 1855. t

G. W. WHITSON,

SURGEON DENTIST,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

DR. R. A. EDMONSTON,

Would inform the citizens of Jackson county, and surrounding country, that he is located permanently four miles south east of Webster, on Tuckasiege River, and is ready to attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care in the Medical Profession.

Jan. 8th, 1857. 1y

David Coleman,

Attorney at Law,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

March 3, 1853.—tf.

W. M. HARDY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Will practice in the counties of the 7th Judicial District and attend faithfully and punctually to all business entrusted to his care.

Asheville, Jan. 8th, 1857. tf

G. N. B. M. EDNEY

WILL practice Law regularly hereafter in the Superior Courts of Cherokee, Macon, Jackson, Haywood, Henderson, Buncombe, Madison, Yancy, Rutherford & Polk.

Office Hendersonville, N. C. [Feb. 12'57 1y

BURTON & GOLD,

Attorneys at Law,

SHELBY, CLEAVELAND COUNTY, N. C

WILL practice in the Superior Courts of Law and Equity of all the counties in the 7th Judicial District. Shelby, April 17, 1856. tf

---

SMITH, BAIRD & CO.,

Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, and Merchandise generally;

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

CALL SOON,

And supply yourselves with *useful articles* from the large and well selected stock now going off so rapidly, at the store of

RANKIN & CHAPMAN.

Asheville, April 9, 1857.

Furniture For Sale.

The undersigned keep constantly on hand at their shop in Asheville, a large quantity of well made and superior finished

Furniture,

of the most fashionable kind, consisting of *Chairs, Cane and Cushioned bottoms and other qualities, Sofas, Bureaus, Guitars, and a number of Violins, Bows and Strings* of the best quality. Those who are desirous of purchasing any article of Furniture of any description, will do well to call and see their assortment before purchasing elsewhere, as they are determined to sell at the very lowest price and on the best terms J. & J. HILDEBRAN.

THE SMALL POX

HAVING lost its power to alarm and the people having began again to benefit themselves by selections from our stock of useful and beautiful

GOODS

we take this occasion to say that we are better prepared than usual to accommodate, and are rejoicing in hope of maintaining and even exceeding our share of patronage heretofore received

SMITH, BAIRD & CO.

Asheville May 1, 1856. tf

CARRIAGE AND BUGGY MAKING.

THE subscriber has located in Asheville for the purpose of carrying on the Carriage and Buggy making business Repairing, &c. He has no doubt of being able to give entire satisfaction to those who may patronize him. He has an abundance of first rate dry lumber, and will work no other kind. Shop in the south end of town, opposite Triplett's blacksmith shop.

W. T. CARTER.

Asheville June 6, 1855. tf.

Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes.

OUR stock of these goods is large and inviting. Our coats commence in price at $1; pants 75 cents, and vests 62 cents. Other things in proportion.

SMITH, BAIRD & CO.

May 1, 1856. tf

FRESH Drugs and Medicines always at ASTON'S.

Bank of East Tennessee.

THE undersigned will take on debts, or for Goods purchased, bills of the "Bank of East Tennessee," at 30 cents to the dollar.

Application must be made soon.

SMITH, BAIRD & CO.

Asheville, June 4th, 1857.

Butter, Chickens, Eggs.

I will pay the highest price in cash for all the good Butter, Chickens and Eggs that may be delivered at the College Boarding House.

Asheville, Sept. 24. J. L. CRUMLEY.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Gaines, Deaver & Co.,

Have just received an excellent assortment of Miles, City and Northern made

BOOTS & SHOES.

Asheville, July 24, 1857.

Save Your Wood,

BY buying some of my STOVES for cooking and warming your rooms.

ALSO,

Call and examine a large assortment of

TIN WARE,

of every variety, which I will sell cheap for cash or old Copper, wholesale or retail.

Any article in my line made to order at short notice.

H. LINDSEY.

Asheville March 20, 1856.—tf

BUY your Books and Stationery at ASTON'S.

Dr. McLANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS.

Two of the best Preparations of the Age.

They are not recommended as Universal Cure-alls, but simply for what their name purports.

The Vermifuge, for expelling Worms from the human system, has also been administered with the most satisfactory results to various animals subject to Worms.

The Liver Pills, for the cure of Liver Complaint, all Bilious Derangements, Sick Headache, &c.

Purchasers will please be particular to ask for Dr. C. McLane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills, prepared by

Fleming Bros.

SOLE PROPRIETORS, Pittsburgh, Pa., and take no other, as there are various other preparations now before the public, purporting to be Vermifuge and Liver Pills. All others, in comparison with Dr. McLane's, are worthless.

The GENUINE McLane's Vermifuge and Liver Pills can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores.

FLEMING BRO'S,

60 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sole Proprietors.

Scovil & Mead, No. 111, Charters street, New Orleans, General Wholesale Agents for the Southern States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Sold by E. J. Aston, Asheville, N. C.

" " B. D. Miller & Co., Hendersonville.
" " C. L. Harris & Co., Rutherfordton.
" " J. M. Crayton, "
" " Hull & Grayson, Marion.
" " J. V. Blackwell, Morganton.
" " Fitzgerald, Benners & Long, Waynesville.
" " Allman & Cunningham, Franklin.

June 5, 1857. 1y

Lindsey's Double-Acting ROTARY FORCE PUMP.

This pump has just been patented in *America* and *England*, and far excels any pump heretofore invented; its peculiarities are *simplicity, power*, and *cheapness*. Its simplicity; there is nothing about it but iron and cast metal, and it can be taken apart and put up by any one, and will last for an age. It has the power to raise water *hundreds of feet* with the extra expense of $3 and the price of pipe. Water rises in it by hand 100 feet per minute! For cheapness; a No. 1. pump (for all ordinary purposes) complete, and fifty feet of pipe, costs but $20! The handle at the top, turns the pipe and pump, and every revolution fills the cylinder twice, affording an abundant supply of water with the least possible expense and labor. It is peculiarly adapted to *deep wells, rail road stations, salt works, mining and manufacturing purposes*. Wherever it is introduced, the old force, suction and chain pumps will disappear. Practical and scientific men pronounce it as without an equal, for all that is here claimed for it. The *Scientific American*, after seeing it in operation, says, "*This pump is very simple in construction, not liable to get out of order, durable, easily operated and economical; we regard it as an excellent improvement.*" Circulars with an accurate drawing and full description sent free of charge to all parts of the country. No. 1, has a one inch pipe; No. 2, 1¼ inches; No. 3, 1¼ inches; and the prices $20, $42, $54; the No. 2 and 3 are designed for *very deep wells, railroad stations, &c* where much water is required. The subscriber is the general agent for the sale of these pumps to all parts of the world, and *exclusive agent for* New York. Orders must be accompanied by the *cash*, and should be explicit as to the kind of pump wanted, depth of well, shipping address, &c. They will meet prompt attention. A pump and pipe weighs about 170 lbs. No charge for shipping or cartage. Wells over 50 feet should have extra gearing, which costs $3.

JAMES M. EDNEY,
Com. Merchant, 56 John St. N. Y.

For sale by H. Lindsey, Inventor, Asheville, N. C.

Almanacs for 1857.

Almanacs for 1857 to be had *gratis* on application at ASTON'S

FRESH RAISENS.—A few boxes just received, at ASTON'S.

BLACKSMITHING.

THE subscriber is still carrying on the

Smithing Business,

in all its branches at his old stand in the south end of Asheville.

The superior manner in which he has horses shod, carriages, buggies and wagons ironed, and all manner of work done, are too well known to render it necessary to more than say he will as heretofore turn out none but good work.

Country produce of all kinds taken in payment for work, but it must in every case be delivered before the work is removed

ELIAS L. TRIPLETT.

March 20, 1856.—1y

Fresh Citron.

JUST received at ASTON'S.

April, 17.

ONE DOLLAR

WILL BUY

ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public, namely, Dr. Sandford's Invigorator or *Liver* Remedy, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, milder and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a Cathartic, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most Cathartics. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it, and when taken daily in moderate doses will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

Dr. Sandford's Invigorator is compounded entirely from new articles of medicine, namely Gums.

Some idea of the strength of these gums may be formed when it is known that one bottle of the Invigorator contains as much strength as one hundred doses of Calomel, without any of its deleterious effects.

Though possessing rare medicinal powers, these Gums have been but little known to physicians, and never used in their prescriptions until used in the form of the *Invigorator*, which met with such unprecedented success as to induce the proprietor to offer it as a family medicine tried and known in its effects. It has rarely ever failed to cure *Liver* complaints in their worst forms.

Indigestion being caused by a deranged *Liver* is cured when the Liver is excited to action.

Jaundice is caused by an improper action of the *Liver*, and as a proof that the Invigorator relieves this disease let any one troubled with Jaundice take the Invigorator regularly one week, and their skin will begin to assume its original color.

Costiveness can be permanently cured by the Invigorator. Take it in small doses on retiring and it assists nature in her operations. By gradually diminishing the dose, the bowels are left in a healthy and active state and work as regularly as clock work. Sick Headache is very soon relieved by taking a double dose of the *Invigorator*, which corrects all acidity and sourness of the stomach.

For an over-loaded stomach it has no equal, as it relieves all oppressive or uneasy feeling after eating heartily. For a family medicine generally, all who use it speak in the highest terms.

Dr Sandford's Invigorator came to us recommended as a cure for Liver Complaints, and all diseases arising from a Diseased Liver. The testimonials of so many of our Physicians in its favor, induced us to try it, and now conviction is certain that it is one of the greatest blessings ever given to Dyspeptics for it made a complete cure before the first bottle was taken and now we can eat anything edible without trouble while before nothing but the lightest food would digest and often that gave pain. Now what we want to say to all our readers is if Liver Complaint or Dyspepsia trouble you, do not fail to try this the greatest remedy in the world.—*State Fact.*

There has never been tried in our family a remedy which has met with such unbounded success in the cure of diseases incident to children as Dr. Sandford's Invigorator; nor is it alone for diseases of children that we use it; for it acts as a Cathartic so mildly and gently, and seems to renovate the system so thoroughly that we think we are doing a service to all in advising them when they need medicine to try this remedy. There are cases that have come under our notice where great benefit has been received in diseases of the *Liver*, Stomach and Bowels where all other remedies failed to give relief. It has become so useful in our family that we will not be without it.—*Jacksonville Ala. Republican.*

Price one Dollar per Bottle

SANDFORD & CO., Proprietors 245 Broadway New York.

For sale by E. J. ASTON.

Asheville, May 21, 1857.

Dr. Clopton's Infirmary.

DR. JAS. CLOPTON, who has visited Raleigh, and all the principal towns in Carolina, for several years practicing his profession, has permanently located at Huntsville, Alabama, where he is prepared to treat *in st successfully*, the following diseases, to-wit: Asthma, Diseases of the Throat, Scrotula, Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Scrofulous Cancers, Ulcers on the face, and all diseases of the skin, eyes, &c., arising from an impure state of the blood.

Testimonials of the highest character can be given from the most respectable families of Carolina.

All communications must contain a three cent stamp to pay for the return letter.

TESTIMONIAL.

Lexington, Davidson Co. N. C., May 11, 1857.

Dr. J. A. Clopton: Dear Sir:—Yours of May 6 was received at home (Jamestown, Guilford Co.) yesterday, but I had not then time to answer. I came here to-day to court, and made some inquiry as to the cases which had been under your care and attention, and learned that two very important cures had been effected by your medicines. That of Mr Samuel Bingham, of Mocksville, and Archibald P Carter, Esq., of Davie county, who were willing to testify in your behalf in the suit, had it not been settled. Mr. Mabry was also referring to an important cure of a young lady that was at his house as she went on her way to see you.

I have a small hard, dry scab on my cheek, which is getting a little sore. Doctor, what will cure it? It has been there for several years.

Most Respectfully,

GEORGE C. MENDENHALL.

More than 1000 cases have been cured. The names of a few will be given.—Samuel Bingham, Mocksville, N. C., Archibald P. Carter, Mocksville; Miss Mattie Robertson, Pine Hall, N. C.; Wm. C. Adams, Madison, N. C.; Francis Dorsett, Pittsboro'; Mrs John Holland, Fayetteville; T. W. Marshall, Beaufort. Circulars will be forwarded to any that may desire them.

July 9, 1857.

Concentrated Lye.

Warranted to make soap without lime or ashes, and with but little trouble; making a good article of soft washing soap at a cost of about 50 cents per hundred pounds. Full directions for making all kinds of soap accompany each box. Call and get a box and give it a trial, and if it does not do all I claim for it, then my name is not ASTON.

August 13, 1857.

ICE! ICE!

D. F. Summey would inform his friends and the public that his ICE HOUSE will be open each morning from 5 1 2 to 6 1 2 o'clock, at which time he will furnish ICE to those wishing it at one and a half cents per pound. If not called for within the time specified an additional half cent per pound will be charged.

June 11, 1857. tf

PURE and Genuine Medicines always to be found at ASTON'S.

This Way, Squire.

Cantwell's Justice, or the North Carolina Magistrate a practical guide to the laws of the State, and the decisions of the Supreme Court defining the duties and Jurisdiction of the Justice of the Peace out of Court, under the Revised Code of 1854'5 together with full instructions and numerous and new forms and precedents.

BY EDWARD CANTWELL, L. L. B.

Counsellor at Law.

One Volume of nearly 600 pages. Just received and for sale at ASTON'S.

On the receipt of $4.00 the work will be sent by mail prepaid to any address. Address

E. J. ASTON.

Asheville, N. C.